State Immunization Investments

District of Columbia \$14,428,313

Vaccines for Children Program (VFC) Vaccines: \$11,054,094 Program Operations: \$922,252 Other Funding: \$2,451,967 Vaccines are one of the most effective tools to protect the public's health and prevent disease. CDC supports state and local health departments to improve access to vaccines, build critical public health infrastructure, and strengthen the scientific evidence base for vaccine policy decisions and practices. CDC supports epidemiology and laboratory capacity to detect, prevent, and respond to vaccinepreventable diseases, including influenza and measles. CDC's investments save both lives and dollars.

Vaccinated children born between 1994 and 2021 will result in:		
472	\$2.2	1.052
MILLION	TRILLION	MILLION
illnesses prevented	societal costs saved	deaths prevented

SUPPORTING STATE IMMUNIZATION PROGRAMS



Vaccines for Children Program (VFC)

The Vaccines for Children (VFC) program is a federally funded program that provides vaccines at no cost to children who might not otherwise be vaccinated because of their inability to pay. CDC buys vaccines at a discount and distributes them to state health departments and certain local and territorial public health agencies. These groups distribute the vaccines at no charge to private physicians' offices and public health clinics registered as VFC providers. **District of Columbia** receives **\$11,054,094** in purchased vaccines for VFC eligible children and **\$922,252** to support program operations. Funding for program operations supports provider recruitment and education, program oversight, quality improvement, and the ordering and distribution of VFC vaccines. This program serves as a major engine of health equity and helps ensure children have a better chance of getting their recommended vaccinations on schedule.



Immunization Program Awards

Immunization program awards support the essential state public health immunization workforce, ensures program effectiveness, and scientifically sound immunization policy. A strong public health infrastructure at national, state, and local levels is vital to sustaining high vaccination coverage levels and low incidence of vaccine preventable diseases. Support also maintains public health preparedness for response to a vaccine-preventable national emergency, such as a pandemic or biologic attack.

Immunization program awards promote public awareness of vaccine recommendations, support the infrastructure to manage vaccine shortages, gather information and respond to outbreaks, recruit and educate networks of immunization providers, and provide continual quality assurance. These awards also include direct assistance to states to purchase vaccines for non-VFC-eligible, uninsured populations.

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State Immunization Investments

STRENGTHENING IMMUNIZATION THROUGH SCIENCE AND INNOVATION

CDC strengthens immunization science through support to public health departments, universities, and others. These investments include enhanced vaccine preventable disease (VPD) surveillance, epidemiologic and laboratory investments, vaccine safety monitoring and research, identification of new strategies to reach under-vaccinated populations; public awareness campaigns and resources; and provider education and tools.



Surveillance

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance: studies the spread and seasonality of RSV. This information helps CDC maintain awareness of the impacts of RSV and will be critical in assessing the impact of new RSV immunization products.

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